

ATTENTION

LADIES.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 14th,

Between the hours of

9 and 10 a. m. and 2 to 3 p. m.

I will give a

SPECIAL TOWEL SALE.

Will guarantee you never saw such Towels at the
prices. Respectfully,

GEO. H. KEMPF.

Stores close at 7 o'clock, excepting Saturdays.

A

MONTH

OF

BARGAINS!

—IN—

CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES

That has never been equaled in Wash-
tenaw County.Thousands of dollars worth of clothing to
go at actual wholesale prices.Many of these goods were bought within the past two weeks at less
than the cost to manufacture. Consequently it is simply impossible
to match the prices we are making. No old chestnuts. The goods are new,
the styles and colors are right, and the prices are lower than you have ever
seen honest goods sold for.

Clothing Department.

50 Overcoats just arrived. Regular retail price \$15.00, we shall sell them at even
\$10.00. Cost more to make.
Men's All Wool Overcoats worth \$12.00, we sell for \$8.00.
Men's Regular \$15.00 and \$18.00 Ulsters are selling for \$12.00.
Boy's Irish Frieze Ulsters, all wool, worth \$10.00, we close for \$6.50.
150 Men's All Wool Cassimere and Cheviot Suits, just arrived. Regular price
\$15.00 and \$16.00. You can have your choice for a \$10.00 bill. Their equal cannot
be found for the money.

All the balance of our Clothing Stock 1-4 off for Cash.

Flannel Shirts 1/4 off. Winter Gloves & Mittens 1/4 off. Winter Caps 1/4 off.

Boot & Shoe Department.

400 Pair Men's, Women's, Boy's and Misses' Shoes, odd ends, broken sizes,
will be closed out at from 1/4 to 1/2 off from the regular price.
These goods are as good as any we shall have in stock and every pair is warranted
to give satisfaction.Men's Calf Boots, Solid as a Rock, \$2.00 worth \$3.00.
Men's Grain Shoes \$2.00. Men's whole stock Kip Boots \$2.50.
Men's Calf Shoes \$2.25, worth \$3.00. Men's Oil Grain Shoes \$1.50, worth \$2.00.
Knit and Felt Boots, Socks and Rubber Goods of all description, cheaper than we
have ever sold them.

Merchant Tailoring Department.

Great reduction on all winter goods in stock, during January. All wool black
Cheviot suits made to order for \$18.00. Exclusive merchant tailors ask you \$25.00.
First-class Clay worked suits made to order for \$21.00. Regular price every-
where \$28.00.Everything in stock goes at the same reduction. None but the best linings used.
All new goods. A perfect fit guaranteed or no sale. Orders must be left this month to
give these prices.In fact, no matter what you wish to buy, come to us with your cash, and we will
do as we have always done—Save you money on every dollar's worth of goods you
buy. Remember we never advertise bargains unless we have them. If you want
goods it will pay you to give us a look. Yours Truly,

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

Butter and Eggs Taken as Cash.

Great Annual Sale.

Our First Annual January Sale.

We will sell you goods in the line of Boots,
Shoes, hats, caps, Glove and Mittens,
Cheaper than you have ever
been able to buy them in
Chelsea.Men's Fine \$2.00 Shoe \$1.50.
Men's Fine Calf \$2.50 Shoe \$2.00.
Men's Fine Calf \$3.00 Shoe \$2.25.
Men's Fine Calf and Dongola Hand Sewed
\$4.00 Shoe \$3.50.
Ladies' \$2.25 Calf Shoes \$1.75.
Ladies' \$1.75 Light Dongola Shoes \$1.25.
Ladies' \$2.50 Dongola Kid Shoes \$1.75.
Men's \$2.00, \$2.25 Boots \$1.75.
Men's \$3.00 Kip Boots \$2.25.
Men's \$3.50 Slaughter Kip Boots \$2.75.
Men's \$4.50 Fine Calf Boots \$3.75.
Ladies' \$3.25 Hand Welt and Hand Sewed
Shoes \$2.50.
Ladies' \$4.50 Hand Sewed Cork Sole Kid
Shoes \$3.75.We make these prices to clear out our
stock of Broken Sizes. Remember every pair
of our Shoes are guaranteed.We also lead in prices on Choice Groceries.
Highest prices paid for Butter and Eggs

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

Here and There.

School is in full blast again.
The days are growing longer.

The bean house is again open.

Ice harvest is in full blast this week.

The Ann Arbor Argus is 58 years old.

The Ann Arbor Courier is 31 years old.

Sleighing parties are the order of the day.

Supervisor Gilbert is in Ann Arbor this week.

This weather is hard on the coal and wood.

Ralph Thacher has returned home from Detroit.

Dr. M. Bush, of Jackson, was in town Tuesday.

Ten degrees below zero last Tuesday morning.

H. S. Holmes was in Jackson Tuesday on business.

Clare Durand, of Detroit, visited his parents Sunday.

The board of supervisors met at Ann Arbor last Monday.

Chauncey Hummel was an Ann Arbor visitor last Monday.

Geo. Wackenhut, spent the past week here with his family.

The number of students now in the University exceeds 2,700.

Congressman Gorman left for Washington, D. C., last Sunday.

The new Columbian postage stamps have made their appearance.

A sleigh-load of young people went to Ann Arbor Sunday afternoon.

Chas. W. Gregg, of the Chelsea House, was a Jackson visitor Tuesday.

We wish to call your attention to L. & A. Winans' new "ad" on last page.

Lynn Gorton and wife, of Waterloo, called on relatives here last Sunday.

The Glazier Oil Stove Co., are having a drive well put down at their factory.

The Misses Stella and Mamie Crane, of Munnich, visited friends here this week.

Miss Francis Caspary, of Ann Arbor, is assisting her father at the Excelsior Bakery.

There have been 872 marriage licenses issued at the county clerk's office during the past year.

M. G. Carlton, of the Grass Lake News, and Miss Mary Lord, both of Grass Lake, were married, Jan. 1, 1893.

Geo. Kratzmiller, formerly of this village but lately of Battle Creek, has moved to Dexter.

Fred Kalmbach is now in charge of Parson & Hobert's grain warehouse at Francisco.

R. Hoppe received \$400 insurance on his dwelling house which was destroyed by fire recently.

It is now in order to pass a sentence of silence for a year on the "Happy New Year" feud.

Geo. H. Kempf advertises a special Towel sale for next Saturday. See "ad" on first page.

The new M. E. church at north Waterloo was dedicated last Sunday. The church is free from debt.

Sam Heselwerdt has an "ad" on last page which every business man and house-keeper should read.

Munnich is a hamlet of fifty houses, but it has 17 candidates for the post-office, or at least that is the report.

Mrs. O. Sayles and Miss Jennie McIntyre of Stockbridge, were the guests of Miss Nettie E. Hoover last Sunday.

Miss Carrie Bowen, who has been spending some time here with her parents, returned to Detroit Tuesday.

Pork is becoming an exceedingly scarce article in the market and butchers pay as high as \$7.75 per 100 pounds.

Now is the winter of our discontent made glorious—"to the snow shoveler, the liverman, the ice cutter, etc."

J. N. Merchant, the hustling miller of Jerusalem, gives some prices on flour this week. See local on last page.

There are people who honestly believe that the meaning of religion is to belong to the church and wear a long face.

Pat Phelps and Lewis Nott, of Francisco, recently killed and sold 148 rabbits, receiving 18 cents a pair for them.

The regular monthly social of the Epworth League, will be held at their parlors next Friday evening, Jan. 13.

The Chautauque Literary and Scientific Circle will meet with Mrs. Geo. Turnbull Monday evening, Jan. 16, at 7 o'clock.

The farmers are taking advantage of the excellent sleighing, and are hauling a large number of logs to the sawmill at this place.

Jacob Braun, Miss Katie Braun and Alfred Braun, of Freedom, spent several days the past week with Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Lehman.

There were 319 convicts at the prison January 1, the largest number in confinement there at any one time since the opening of the Ionia reformatory.

A Detroit man says that his motto through life has been a very beneficial one. Here it is: "Early to bed; early to rise; hustle all day and advertise."

Mrs. Julia Fiske, of Putnam, attempted suicide recently by taking a quantity of Paris green. Prompt medical aid relieved her of the poison, and she is now convalescent.

There were 44,988,000 sheep in the United States, last year, against 43,480,000 in 1891, and the wool clip increased from 307,401,507 pounds in '91, to 338,018,505 pounds in '92.

Leap-year has come and gone, says the Ann Arbor Argus, and the young men who have escaped the snares laid for them during these dreary twelve months feel a deep sense of relief.

Frank Nott, of Stockbridge, while drawing logs in Waterloo township recently, was caught under a log and his thigh bone broken. His skull was injured some six months ago in a similar accident.

Mrs. John Riemenschneider and grandson, Philip Broesemle, of Francisco, who have been spending some months with Wm. Riemenschneider, of Laurel, Iowa, have returned home.

The official figures regarding the past year's national wheat crop are as follows: Acreage, 33,554,490; average yield per acre, 13.4; total value, \$223,111,881; average price per bushel, 62.4 cents.

At the annual meeting of the Congregational society, held last Monday, the Pastor's salary was raised one hundred dollars and Chas. Canfield and Thos. Sears were elected trustees, and Geo. J. Crowell, clerk.

The Chelsea Dramatic Company will produce the romantic drama "The Beggar Venus" at the Town Hall, Jan. 20, 1893, under the auspices of the W. R. C., for the benefit of the Soldiers Monument fund.

Mrs. Kline, a pioneer of Waterloo, died Jan. 2, 1893, from the effects of old age. She was 87 years old and two weeks previous to her death walked from her home to the village of Munnich and returned, a distance of three and one-half miles.

The Ann Arbor Argus says: The county papers have been teeming with marriage announcements since the cold weather set in, but the Milan Leader says there are still a few unmarried young folks left. It is not good for man to be alone.

Michigan has convicted a man of murder committed seventeen years ago. Another man has been arrested for having killed his neighbor twenty-five years before the serving of the warrant. Justice is often slow, but the limp in her gait is seldom more pronounced than in these instances.

A new fad, and we think a good one, has sprung up in the east. Instead of addressing envelopes on their face, they are sealed, and the stamp and address placed on the back, thus preventing anyone from opening the letter, or tampering with the envelope without being detected.

An esteemed contemporary has discovered a would-be suicide who took off his clothes before plunging into the lake and afterward presented a diamond pin to the man who prevented the carrying out of his purpose. The only thing lacking to this story is somebody to believe it.

We clip the following from the Ann Arbor Argus: The slaughter house and refrigerators at Ypsilanti, belonging to James Garrity & Son, of Chelsea, were totally consumed by fire on Monday morning. It is not known how the fire originated. The property was fully insured.

An entire new gallery, extending across the interior of St. Mary's church, will be immediately built, and will add greatly to the appearance of the church. The plans have been prepared by Mr. John P. Foster, who will do the work. This attraction is made necessary by reason of the fact that a new pipe organ is to be placed in the church if possible, by Easter.

Look out for him. A tramp travels about, falls sick in a farmer's house, writes a prescription for some medicine which he asks the farmer to sign in order to make sure it will be sent to his house. The traveler gets better and concludes not to send for the medicine, keeps the farmer's signature, and the next thing the farmer knows he has a note to pay. The warning is given for the hundredth time: Don't sign your name to any paper for a stranger. —Mt. Clemens Press

Lyman Burkhardt, of Washtenaw county, who has been confined in the state prison since Sept., 1875, upon a life sentence for murder, has been pardoned out. Burkhardt lived with an uncle, who, as the record discloses, was an intemperate, brutal man and who persistently abused his nephew in a most shameful manner. On one of these numerous occasions, after he had been knocked down without the slightest provocation, Burkhardt shot his uncle dead. Burkhardt was but seventeen years old when the crime was committed.

Rev. Father Considine will open the Forty Hours Devotion in St. Mary's church next Sunday, Jan. 15, 1893 at 10:30 a. m. Rev. Father Terres, of Manchester, will assist the Pastor Sunday afternoon and evening. Vespers will be sung at 7:30 p. m. and Rev. Father Terres will preach. The devotion will close on Tuesday morning with a solemn High Mass, chanting of the Litany of All Saints, followed by Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, and the Holy Communion. Rev. Fathers Burke, of Jackson, Baumgartner, of Pontiac, and other priests will assist the pastor. The church will be elaborately and beautifully decorated for these special services.

January begins the year and looks both ways toward the year just past, and that just coming. It was therefore named by the Romans for their god of war, Janus, called Janus Bifrons, which may be freely translated "Holy Two front." Originally this was only the eleventh month, and the four preceding were named from Septem, Octo, Nove, and Decem, as they then were the seventh, eighth, ninth, and tenth months. It would take a small volume to explain how, as a quaint old almanac says, such sixes, and such sevens the months were knocked to that ten became translated into Octo. Suffice it to say, January begins the year now, and the other months are to be explained in their turn.

Chelsea isn't always the luckiest place in the world to strike the Adrian Press. A tourist, who was traveling for his health, struck the town just in time to get busted, then he struck a freight car for a free bumper pass. Shortly after he was jolted off, and struck the earth with a sickening thud. Being picked up and nursed back to life, he was struck by the sheriff and carried off as an escaped prisoner. Verily, the way of the transgressor is hard, and this world is a big, wide, desert waste, at this time of the year for the bumper rider. We believe the fellow was some republican postal clerk, trying to get Mr. Gorman to keep him "in it."

On Saturday evening Jan. 7, 1893, the numerous friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Staphish commenced to assemble at an early hour at their home in Dexter township, two miles north of this village, and in a short time their spacious house was nearly filled to overflowing, the guests numbering 75. The occasion being the celebration of the 29th anniversary of their marriage. The fore part of the evening was spent in social intercourse and music. Shortly after 10 o'clock, Chauncey Hummel, on behalf of the guests, presented Mr. and Mrs. Staphish with a magnificent tea set, after which a bounteous supper was served. Shortly after refreshments had been served the guests commenced to depart, all wishing that Mr. and Mrs. Staphish would live to celebrate that rare occasion, the "golden anniversary."

The Latest Fad

Of the people of this vicinity is buying samples of Glazier's.

CHOICE

MOLASSES and SYRUP.

He has a complete line to select from and every one is guaranteed to be extra fine in quality.

A Saving of

25 to 50 per cent.

Is also the result of your buying these goods at the following figures.

Good Sugar Syrup 25c per gal.

Fine Corn Syrup 38c per gal.

Extra Fancy Syrup 50c per gal.

New Orleans Molasses 25c per gal.

Best New Orleans Molasses 48c per gal.

Verily, Merrily, More and More, It Pays to Trade at

GLAZIER'S STORE.

FARMERS

Are especially invited to do their Banking business with the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Condition of the Chelsea Savings Bank of Chelsea, Michigan, on the 10th day of September, 1892.

State Law Guarantee Fund and Capital \$112,951.34

Invested in Choice Bonds 176,108.80

Mortgages and approved Loans 59,541.93

Cash on hand and in other Banks 179,355.97

By the increase of business of the Chelsea Savings Bank, the year 1892, thus far, gives promise of being the most profitable of the twenty-four years of prosperous banking in Chelsea.

The bank pays interest on deposits according to the rules of the bank; also offers to patrons the use of the strongest and best protected bank vault safe in Central Michigan, and solicits your banking business.

If you have money deposit it in the Chelsea Savings Bank, that it may earn for you interest, or until wanted, that you may be free from care and fear of loss by fire, thieves or otherwise. If you need to borrow money, upon good approved security, the Chelsea Savings bank will be glad to supply it for you. The Chelsea Savings Bank has recently had built for it one of the strongest safes made, being the new patterns of the Mosler Bank Safe Companies, Round Screw Door, Laminated Chrome Steel, Burglar and Dynamite Proof Safe, with no keyhole, spindle or other connection through the door or walls, nor any access to the lock from the outside, the door being screwed in and held secure by a Double Chronometer Time Lock from inside. It is considered the strongest and best security ever devised against efforts of burglars. The safe is protected by a large new fireproof vault made necessary to store the upwards of twenty years' accumulation of books and papers of its business, and the whole premises are further protected by an Electric alarm system, which gives instant warning of trespassers at night.

GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Samuel G. Ives, President.
Thos. Sears, Vice President.
John R. Gates, Capitalist and Farmer.
Heman M. Woods, Capitalist.
Frank P. Glazier, Druggist.
Harmon S. Holmes, General Merchant.
Wm. J. Knapp, Hardware Merchant.
Jas. L. Babcock, Capitalist.
Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

Drafts drawn payable in gold on presentation at banks in all the principal cities of Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and Australia.

Tickets for passage by the principal ocean steamship lines, from all rail-road points to seaboard in Europe. Fire insurance and life insurance in the oldest and strongest companies.

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Notices.

The regular banking hours of the Chelsea Savings Bank are from 9 a. m. to 12 o'clock noon, and from 1 o'clock p. m. to 4 o'clock p. m.

But to accommodate the public, the bank is usually open for business from 8 o'clock in the morning until 8 o'clock in the evening, except from 4 to 6 o'clock p. m. during which hours the bank is necessarily closed, to count cash and balance account books.

GREAT JANUARY SALE!

AT

H. S. HOLMES & CO'S

FROM

Saturday, Dec. 31, to Saturday, Feb. 4

On account of a decided change in our firm about February 15th, we are obliged to reduce our stock at least \$12,000, and in order to do it shall make

The Greatest Cut Ever Known in Chelsea.

You know when we make a cut we do just as we advertise, and stand ready to give anyone \$1,000 to prove that we do not.

Dry Goods Department.

Every piece of Dress Goods at 25c or more we shall sell at 1/4 off. All Silks, Satins, Surahs, Velvets, Velveteens 1/4 off. Gingham, Shirting, Tickings, Denims, Cottonades, Table Linens, Crashes, Outing Flannels, Shirting Flannels, Yarns, Hosiery, Underwear, Etc., all at reduced prices. 50c and 75c all wool dress goods, 40 inches wide for 25c. Double width 25c goods at 15c.

Cloak Department.

In this department we are anxious to close out every garment, and in order to do this we shall sell at ONE-HALF PRICE. This is a great cut but we have had this season an immense trade in this department. Buying and selling more Cloaks than any one firm in a town the size of Chelsea. Come and secure one while the assortment is complete.

Carpet and Curtain Department.

We will sell so cheap in this department that you can afford to buy for spring, as at that time Carpets will be a little higher, as they are asking more for them in the market. We are well stocked at old prices, and shall give you the benefit.

Shade Department.

We have at all times a complete stock of Shades on hand. We also make shades on short notice. If you are building a new house and wish shades throughout, we can do well by you and give you first-class goods.

Clothing Department.

We shall offer every Suit, Men's, Boy's, and Children's; Every pair of Pants, Men's, Boy's, and Children's; Every Overcoat, Overalls, Jackets, Trunks, Bags, etc., at ONE-FOURTH OFF.

Remember, we reserve nothing made up. It must be sold. In Furnishing Goods we shall offer Bargains such as you have not seen for many a day. Don't fail to visit this department, as it will be especially attractive during this sale.

Boot and Shoe Department.

We shall offer every pair of boots, every pair of Shoes, all rubber goods at ONE-FOURTH OFF. Remember, these prices are the lowest ever made on straight goods. Our stock of ladies' and misses' fine shoes children's shoes, ladies' warm lined shoes, men's, etc., is very complete. Our Rubber stock is always complete. ALL ONE-FOURTH OFF.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENT Don't fail to visit our booth during this sale for we have it filled with a fine line of ladies' shoes which we offer at manufacturers prices.

Grocery Department.

Granulated Sugar 20 lb for \$1.00. 30c Roasted Coffee for 27c. 28c Roasted Coffee for 25c. 50c Tea for 40c. 40c Tea for 30c. Tea 12 1/2c.

These groceries are all choice stock. Molasses, you will always find us with a choice New Orleans on hand. Try it. During this sale 50c.

We have tried to make our prices so attractive that customers will come from a long distance to trade with us.

We have at all times a Complete Stock, and buy butter and eggs at highest market price.

OUR TERMS will be CASH during this sale, unless you make special arrangements for short time at the office.

H. S. HOLMES & CO'S

HARDWARE!

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF CROSS-CUT SAWS, AXES, MEAT CUTTERS, CUTLERY, FILES, BOYS & GIRLS SKATES, ROOT CUTTERS, HAND SLEDS, CORN SHELLERS, AND AT VERY LOW PRICES. A FEW MORE STOVES TO DISPOSE OF CHEAP.

HOAG & HOLMES

BIG BARGAINS!

Bargains in Shoes. Bargains in Hats. Bargains in Gloves.

Bargains in Underwear. Bargains in Overalls.

Bargains in Mittens. Bargains in Pants. Bargains in Hosiery.

Don't fail to see these bargains before parting with your money.

R. A. SNYDER. North Main Street, Chelsea, Michigan.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The site of the city of Boston was sold in 1633 by John Blackstone for \$150.

Codfish are becoming scarce, but the codfish aristocrat is flourishing after its fashion.

A European clockmaker has invented a clock that will run for ten years without winding.

The death penalty has just been resumed in Switzerland. For twenty-five years it has been abolished.

Ex-Congressman William H. Kitchin and Robert B. Vance, of North Carolina, will both be members of the next general assembly of that state.

Creditors must not approach their debtors by postal cards. A New York tailor has been held in heavy bail for sending a dunning postal card through the mails.

Mrs. Increase Sumner, of Starks, Fla., raises her own tea. She gathers three crops a year and the bushes furnish her tea which in China would cost a princely price.

Andrew McKinley, a brother of the governor, is said to have invented a typewriting electrical machine, which is intended to receive and properly register telegrams without the necessity of a receiving operator.

A Colorado school-teacher who undertook to preserve discipline by pulling the children's teeth barely escaped a lynch mob after he had taken out about thirty-five. They will never forget his method for the extraction of roots.

No woman who wears train skirts can hope to belong to the Equal Suffrage association, for that body as organized in Kansas City has formally condemned them. The dress must not approach the ground at closer range than three inches.

Asa once more the report that Emin Pasha is dead is denied. Emin takes his pen in hand to let us know that he is in good health and hopes that these few lines will find us the same. Emin is entitled to thanks for ending the universal anxiety.

Work on the eleventh census will be completed and the matter turned over to the secretary of the interior by December 31, 1900. The tenth census cost, in round numbers, about \$5,000,000, and the present one will cost about \$8,000,000, the increase being largely due to the enlarged scope of work.

Mrs. Bernhardt met with a very hostile reception in Odessa the other night. While she was going to the theater in her carriage she was attacked by an anti-Semitic mob and showered with sour cucumbers and other missiles. The windows of her carriage were smashed but the tragedienne herself was not hurt.

An eminent authority has it that the death rate of the world is calculated to be 67 per minute, 4,030 per hour, 96,720 per day, while the rate of births, slightly exceeding the death rate, is calculated to be 70 per minute, 4,200 per hour, 100,800 per day, 367,200 a year. The estimated increase per annum is therefore a little over 1,500,000.

The bronze statue of ex-President Chester A. Arthur, by Ephraim Kaser, which has been in course of execution for the last four months, is now completed and is on exhibition in New York city. The height of the statue is 9 feet 2 inches, and the weight, 1,800 pounds. It has been cast in one piece with the exception of the plinth.

The telephone has been put to a new use in San Leandro, Cal. A man of intelligence, who is afflicted with leprosy, was isolated in a cabin away from the hospital. A kind-hearted gentleman of the town had a telephone put into the cabin and connected with the reading room of the hospital, thus enabling the leper to talk with, if he might not visit or be visited, by people of the outside world.

In Mexico you can hire a street-car and ride all over the town in it a whole day by yourself for \$3.50, and you can stop at any one place for two hours without extra charge. Not only that, your friends can hire a whole train of these street-cars for your funeral at low rates. There is no other city in the world where you can have such a big funeral with a great deal of show for so little money as in the City of Mexico.

In 1890 there were 25,000 convicts in prisons and on ticket of leave in England, says the Boston Transcript; but now there are less than 12,000. This reduction, it is asserted, has been accomplished by shipment of criminals to this country, which are carried on through discharged prisoners' aid societies that purchase tickets and outfits for those to be deported, the government paying the expense. It is further stated that judges often suspend sentence on condition that the person convicted shall go at once to the United States. Here is a subject for the investigation of our government.

Said James Whitcomb Riley to a group of reporters: "I wish you newspaper men wouldn't be quite so careless in your remarks about my looks. I was served with a notice several years ago that I wasn't very handsome, but the reporters take a kind of delight in reminding me of it. It seems to me that you might at least be as considerate as the old auntie who went to the menagerie and saw the hippopotamus. She was staggered for a moment, but her breeding got the better of her impulses. She didn't want to say the animal was ugly, so she turned to her friend exclaiming: 'Sakes a massy, but ain't the plump!'"

Stories of the finding of gold fields in the far west are numerous just now. The last is of the Tonto range of mountains in western Arizona, which are said to conceal mines or placers so rich in the precious metal that the Apache Indians, years ago, were wont to use it for bullets. No doubt, says an exchange, many a fellow will be brought down by this bullet, story whatever may be the fact respecting the existence of such mines. It is probably true that gold exists in paying quantities in the unexplored parts of the far western states and territories, but it may be years before it is brought to light.

Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.
FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.
Second Session.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 4.—In the senate a joint resolution was reported providing that the right of citizenship shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex. The quarantine bill was discussed. In the house a resolution was introduced to stop the purchase of silver bullion. The private pension bill was discussed, and a bill was introduced providing that the term of all persons appointed to offices under the United States shall be for four years, whether under civil service or otherwise, and no person is to be eligible to hold office for more than eight years.

THURSDAY, JAN. 5.—The anti-option bill was discussed in the senate. Senator Vilas (Wis.) in his opposition saying that the measure was unconstitutional. A bill providing that no person shall be excused from testifying in criminal cases on the ground that his testimony might tend to criminate himself was passed. In the house the fortification appropriation bill (\$1,735,055) was passed, as were also several private pension bills.

FRIDAY, JAN. 6.—The session of the senate was given up exclusively to the discussion of the bill on the subject of quarantine regulations and its co-relative measure, the bill to suspend immigration for one year. After argument the measure was ordered printed. In the house the attendance was small and private business ruled, except the passing of the bill providing for the muster and pay of certain officers and men of volunteer forces. About thirty private pension bills were also passed.

FROM WASHINGTON.
The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 3d was: Wheat, 81,294,000 bushels; corn, 11,426,000 bushels; oats, 5,541,000 bushels; rye, 1,190,000 bushels; barley, 2,305,000 bushels. The statement of the public debt issued on the 3d showed that the interest and non-interest bearing debt increased \$518,254 during the month of December. The cash in the treasury was \$29,092,588. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$835,432,165, or \$5,975,033 less than on January 1, 1899.

The government receipts during the past six months were \$195,853,890 and the expenditures \$195,350,614, against receipts of \$175,745,287 during the corresponding months of 1899 and expenditures of \$176,018,751.

The monthly circulation statement of the treasury department shows a net decrease in the circulation during last month of \$4,106,302.

The president has issued a proclamation declaring full amnesty and pardon to all persons liable to the penalties of the anti-polygamy act by reason of unlawful cohabitation under the color of polygamy or plural marriage who have since November 1, 1890, abstained from such unlawful cohabitation, but upon the express condition that they shall in the future faithfully obey the laws of the United States, and not otherwise. Those who fail to avail themselves of the clemency offered will be vigorously prosecuted.

For the past year the final estimates of the agricultural department give crop productions as follows: Wheat, 515,949,000 bushels, value \$922,111,881; corn, 1,025,464,000 bushels, value \$642,146,690; oats, 661,032,000 bushels, value \$309,953,611.

During the seven days ended on the 4th the business failures in the United States numbered 340, against 435 the previous week and 295 for the corresponding time last year.

The president has extended by an amendment to postal rule 1 the classification of the postal service so as to include all free delivery offices, of which there are understood to be 601, under civil service rules.

THE EAST.

It is proposed by Mayor Babbitt, of Taunton, Mass., to promote temperance by fining every rumrunner five dollars for every conviction of drunkenness.

There were twelve more informations made against Homestead (Pa.) strikers for complicity in the alleged poisoning of non-union men.

CRAZED by jealousy Louis Wagner shot and killed Mrs. Panny Spears, aged 32, a handsome divorced woman, at her home in Boston and then sent a bullet through his own brain.

At the New York custom house the total receipts during 1899 from duties were \$129,553,006, being \$4,009,375 more than those of 1891.

The legislatures of New York, Pennsylvania and Delaware convened on the 3d.

Eight persons were killed in an accident on the Baltimore & Ohio road at Buena Vista, Pa., and two trains were wrecked.

ALLEN BEXLEY, three children, aged 1, 3 and 5 years, died at about the same hour in Pittsburgh, Pa., of measles.

FLAMES swept away a block of frame buildings in Brooklyn, N. Y., the loss being \$300,000.

In Pittsburgh Andrew Passetti, an Italian, was killed while rescuing two children from in front of a train.

The attorney general of New York says that Erie county must pay the expenses of the national guard used during the switchmen's strike at Buffalo. The amount is \$180,000.

Four leaders of a gang of robbers who have stolen merchandise valued at over \$100,000 from freight cars were arrested in Buffalo, N. Y.

THREE business buildings in Pittsburgh, Pa., were burned, causing a loss of over \$400,000.

In Brooklyn, N. Y., the mayor, auditors and aldermen have been indicted for misappropriating funds.

At Niagara falls cold weather formed an immense ice bridge and Niagara river below the whirlpool, clear to its mouth at Youngstown, was frozen over, a condition which had not existed before in ten years.

CARLO ALBERTO CAPPA, the well-known musician, bandmaster of the Seventh regiment, died at his residence in New York, aged 72 years.

FLAMES at Coney Island, N. Y., destroyed a hotel and other property, the total loss being \$100,000.

WEST AND SOUTH.
FIRE ruined the electric works at Fort Wayne, Ind., the loss being \$150,000.

TWO men held up the cashier of the bank of Laurens, Ia., and carried off \$500.

In Orafton, Ill., Mrs. Henry Meier died at the age of 107 years.

At Bakerville, N. C., Calvin Snayes, the murderer of Isaac Osborne, was lynched, and in the struggle to prevent the lynching eleven of the sheriff's posse were killed, as also were eleven of the mob.

By repeated explosions of natural gas in the vaults of the Donohue & Henneberry building in Chicago thirty-one men were burned and injured and the damage to property was heavy.

THE death of Flora Fontaine (colored) occurred at Columbia, S. C., aged 117 years. She was taken to Columbia 102 years ago, and had lived there ever since.

At Lima, O., George Tacker died from accidental injuries, and his wife lost her reason from grief and killed herself.

In Michigan Francis B. Stockbridge, of Kalamazoo, will succeed himself as United States senator, having secured the republican caucus nomination.

FLAMES that started in E. F. Hallack's paint works in Denver spread to adjoining buildings, the total loss being \$300,000.

THE joint democratic caucus of the Missouri legislature renominated F. M. Cockrell for United States senator by acclamation, starting him on his fourth term.

In the Tennessee legislature the democrats renominated United States Senator Tate.

At the age of 102 years Henry Cooper, a colored man, died at the home of his son-in-law near Oklahoma City.

THE principal portion of the village of Mazon, Ill., was burned.

A FIRE in the four-story brick building of the Omaha (Nebr.) Printing company caused a loss of \$100,000.

NEAR Marshall, Madison county, N. C., William Riddle shot and killed S. E. Shelton. This made the thirteenth murder in that county in six months.

JOHN BURNS, aged 101 years, who had a fortune in lead mines and outlived it all, died in the poorhouse at Galena, Ill.

THE Indiana legislature convened at Indianapolis in fifty-eighth session.

IN the Ohio river at Cincinnati an ice barge caused a property loss of \$100,000.

IN the eight iron-producing states of the south the iron product for 1899 is placed at 1,935,485 tons.

FIRE destroyed the Kentucky hotel at Hot Springs, Ark., and nearly all the guests lost their personal effects.

AT Sioux City, Ia., the Leeds Land and Improvement company failed with liabilities of \$500,000 and assets of less than \$1,000,000.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

IN the old world and Spain America the complete list of casualties, where the loss of life was serious enough to be reported by telegraph, including those who perished by disease and battle, was 637,217, as compared with 270,675 in 1891 and 90,630 in 1893.

IN a battle with the revolutionists near the Texas border seventeen Mexicans were slain.

IN Elberfeld, Germany, Elhorn & Lussmann's great factory was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$750,000.

BY a mine explosion at Retchitz, Russia, fifteen men were killed.

ORDERS have been given by the czar of Russia that relief works be started in the distressed districts forthwith for the benefit of the famine.

THE minister of the interior has ordered all provincial authorities in Germany to arrest Mormon missionaries wherever they are found and send them to the nearest harbor on their way to America.

UNDER certain secret influences exercised in prison M. Charles de Lesseps and M. Marius Fontane, general secretary of the Panama canal, have made confessions implicating prominent men in the canal steal.

IN Liverpool three cotton warehouses were burned with their contents, the loss being \$750,000.

THE Canadian government immigration agent A. W. Webster, says that fully 500 families have emigrated from South Dakota to the Canadian northwest during the past year.

THIRTY steamers were wrecked in a storm on the Black sea, including the British steamer City of Manchester, whose entire crew were drowned.

LATER NEWS.

THE quarantine bill was further discussed in the United States senate on the 7th, but no action was taken.

THE business was transacted in the house. The First Baptist church at Birmingham, N. Y., was burned, the loss being \$110,000; insurance, \$30,000.

ALBERT McDONALD, aged 30, shot and killed his father and stepmother at Huntsville, Tex. A quarrel over a horse was the motive.

A FIRE at Fall River, Mass., destroyed the Troy building, causing a loss to several firms of \$147,000.

THE British steamer Fernside, from Odessa for Christiana, was wrecked, and the captain and eight of the crew were drowned.

THE explosion of a lamp set on fire the Elkland furniture works at Elkland, Pa., and a loss of \$100,000 resulted.

JOHN WOOLLEY, of Cleveland, O., a shiftless fellow, set a domestic quarrel on fire with his wife's throat with a razor and then killed himself with the same weapon.

IT is proposed to consolidate the wire, wire roads and cut mail industries of the United States with a combined capital of \$25,000,000.

THE breaking of the ice gorge at Cincinnati destroyed forty-five loaded barges and sixty empty ones, the total loss being \$300,000.

CHARLES UZAY, police judge, died at Oakland, Cal. He was probably the largest man on the Pacific coast, weighing 480 pounds.

ISAAC H. SLAVIN, a wealthy farmer residing near New Castle, Pa., 60 years old, and his wife, were probably fatally wounded by burglars and robbed of a large sum of money.

NINE business houses and one dwelling were burned at Odessa, Mo., the total loss being \$100,000.

THOMAS DUFFY and his wife and child were killed by an explosion of natural gas in their home at Pittsburgh, Pa.

A DANGEROUS two-dollar counterfeit is in circulation in St. Louis. It bears the head of Gen. Hancock and is of the series of 1896, letter B. The paper is so good as to defy detection by anyone except an expert.

THE lower and middle classes of England lost \$35,000 by the collapse of the Liberal Building society of London.

EARLY on the morning of the 9th it was announced that James G. Elaine was nearing death. His wife was passing slowly and peacefully away between spells of sleeping, which is another name for a state of coma.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Satisfied the Lawyer.
Rev. D. M. Cooper was recently held up by W. J. Lavin, a young man of 21, in his home here at Detroit, after a desperate struggle. At Lavin's trial the defendant's attorney made sport of the alleged desperate encounter and requested the preacher to show what he did. Cooper at once grasped the attorney by the collar, swung him through the air, tore half his clothes from his back and finally landed him in a heap in a corner of the courtroom. The attorney was satisfied and the jury found Lavin guilty.

His Sight Restored.
After being blind as the proverbial bat for more than twenty years William Gates, living near Montgomery, was suddenly restored to sight. He had been complaining of an acute pain in his eyes for several days. At the breakfast table he opened his eyelids and without warning burst into tears crying: "I can see; thank God, I can see." His newly-restored sight is apparently unimpaired. Gates is nearly 40 years old, and became blind as suddenly as his sight returned.

Health in Michigan.
During the week ended December 31 the reports sent by seventy-three observers in various portions of the state to the state board of health indicated that diphtheria, measles, scarlet and typho-malarial fevers increased, and cholera infantum, typhoid fever and whooping cough decreased in area of prevalence. Typhoid fever was reported at thirty-two places, diphtheria at fifty-two, measles at fourteen and scarlet fever at fifty-seven places.

Political Science Society.
An organization was effected at Lansing which will be known as the Michigan Political Science association, and the following were elected its officers for the ensuing year:

President, Edward Canill, Lansing, ex-justice of the supreme court; vice president, Bishop George D. Gillespie, Grand Rapids; Theodore B. Hinchman, Detroit; Perry F. Powers, Cadillac; secretary, F. M. Taylor, Ann Arbor; treasurer, J. N. McFarlane, Agricultural college; executive committee, Washington Gardner, Algonquin; W. E. Quinby, Detroit; Austin George, Ypsilanti.

Ex-Gov. Baldwin is Dead.
Ex-Governor and ex-Senator Henry P. Baldwin died at his home in Detroit, aged 79 years. He was governor of the state from 1869 to 1873, and served on the Michigan senate from 1873 to 1883. Senator Chandler's unexpired term from 1881 to 1883. For forty years he had been a prominent figure in Michigan financial concerns, holding the presidency of three national banks at different times. He leaves an estate valued at \$2,500,000.

Michigan Knights of the Grip.
The Michigan Knights of the Grip in annual session at Detroit elected the following officers:

President, Nelson B. Jones, of Lansing; secretary, J. L. McCauley, of Detroit; treasurer, George A. Reynolds, of Saginaw; directors, A. C. Northrup, of Jackson, and J. A. Gonzalez, of Grand Rapids, for three years; C. E. Conant, of Bay City, and George E. Borden, of Kalamazoo, for two years; E. W. Waldron, of St. Johns, and G. G. Deforest, of Detroit, for one year.

Kindness Appreciated.
Ex-Gov. Blair thus replied to the donors of the Christmas purse of \$4,125: "Gentlemen—I appreciate the kindness and friendship which prompt the gentlemen named in handing me the gift, which I accept in the spirit in which it is given. The honorable names accompanying the gift preclude my conveying it in any way but the most warm friendship. I hope to say something more to them all in the near future."

Short But Newsmakers.
A hospital with accommodations for thirty persons is being built on Bay county's farm.

Charles McIlwain, a laborer, and Michael Dunne, an expressman, were frozen to death in Detroit.

James Robinson, familiarly known as the Black Hills scout, died in jail at Grand Rapids. He lived like a hermit in summer and in jail in winter.

J. M. Hill, of Newaygo, prominent in Maccabee circles, died from a dose of Paris green taken with suicidal intent. His motive was unknown.

Over \$1,000,000 worth of boats are laid up in Black river at Port Huron, and boys who build fires on the ice hereafter are to be arrested.

Gov. Rich has reappointed Mrs. Margaret Custer Calhoun as state librarian.

The Iron Valley mine at Negaunee has resumed work with a strong force after being idle a year.

Upwards of 1,000 pounds weight of Christmas candy were presented to the Lansing reform school for boys.

The syndicate owning Isle Royale will keep forty men at work there all winter exploring for ore with diamond drills.

Mrs. Mary Lutz died near Flushing on the farm where she was born fifty-three years ago. Her maiden name was Patton.

P. S. Osborne, a veteran pioneer, who served in battery G, First Michigan light artillery, died of paralysis at Coldwater.

A broken lamp caused the destruction of Raub's saw and shingle mill near Woodsville. Loss, \$4,000; with small insurance.

The Misses Flora and Kate McDonald, two of Ogemaw county's most popular school-teachers, are to embark in the mercantile business at Lewiston.

The Michigan association of master house painters and decorators will hold its sixth annual convention in Bay City January 17.

Alpena shingle mills cut upward of 25,000,000 shingles during the season, being about 5,000,000 less than last season.

George W. Davis, warden of the Michigan state prison for the last two years, has tendered his resignation. Insufficient compensation is given as the reason.

The press of the upper peninsula has started a movement in favor of making that part of Michigan a separate state. For years the agitation has been going on, but never reached its present extent. The northern parts of Wisconsin and Minnesota are to be included in the new state.

D. H. Nelson's livery barn, office and two store buildings were destroyed by fire at Mount Pleasant. Loss, \$2,000; with no insurance.

Andrew Ryan, aged 65 years, for upwards of thirty years an employee of the Michigan Central Railroad company at Lansing, died suddenly while on duty of hemorrhage of the lungs.

John Caldwell, a farmer living in the northern part of Macomb county, has been poisoned during the past year 330 sheep and thirty head of cattle. The microbe is still at large and unknown.

GRAVE CHARGES.

They Are Brought Against Archbishop Corrigan by Archbishop Ireland.

New York, Jan. 9.—Formal charges of the gravest character have been preferred against Archbishop Corrigan by Archbishop Ireland of having engaged in an unlawful conspiracy to weaken or undo the effect of the pope's decisions in respect to church matters in America, and of having had recourse to methods unbecoming a bishop, designed to discredit and disgrace Archbishop Ireland and Mgr. Satolli, the papal delegate to America. These charges, duly formulated, are now on their way to Rome, where they will be presented to the highest tribunal in the Catholic church.

That tribunal has power to pass upon the accusations and to fix the punishment of the accused if they be sustained. The whole world will eagerly await the decision, for both prelates, the accuser and the accused, have long filled the most conspicuous positions in the American hierarchy. Their differences of opinion have been matter of public rumor for years. Each has very generally been considered as an object of the pope's favorable regard in respect of the new American cardinalate which it is said will be conferred at the approaching jubilee. If Archbishop Corrigan be found guilty as charged his fate as well as the future of the great province of New York, over which he has so long presided, will become the object of eager surmise. Should the charges fail, the consequences can scarcely be less serious to Archbishop Ireland. Nor will the consequences in either case be limited to the province of New York and St. Paul.

The differences between Archbishop Ireland and Archbishop Corrigan are of long standing. They date back to the time when the prelate of St. Paul took active part with Cardinal Gibbons in antagonizing Archbishop Corrigan's representations to the Vatican on the question of excommunicating the Knights of Labor. This was about five years ago, and since that time Archbishop Corrigan has scarcely made a pretense of perfect accord with either Cardinal Gibbons or Archbishop Ireland. Nor have these prelates taken pains to profess unreserved friendship for his grace of New York. Latterly the difference has been accentuated by the disputes over Cahensly and more especially over Archbishop Ireland's famous "Faribault plan" of education. During this latter phase of the quarrel nearly the whole Roman Catholic church in America has been divided between the Corrigan camp and the Ireland camp.

The partners of Archbishop Corrigan in the conspiracy now alleged are priests of his immediate entourage, notably Father Michael Joseph Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's cathedral, who is expressly named in the charges as a conspirator, and possibly Father Gerardo Forante, Archbishop Corrigan's Italian secretary.

If the charges have been interpreted aright, Archbishop Corrigan's accusers will try to prove the existence of a conspiracy, of which New York is the center, and which extends in numerous ramifications throughout America, France and Italy. At a meeting held in New York last October, at which Mgr. Satolli was present, peace was thought to have been established between Archbishop Corrigan and Ireland, but the apparent triumph of Archbishop Ireland is said to have kindled the old bitterness between the two prelates.

The secular press began to teem with letters containing damaging statements about Archbishop Ireland, which are said to have emanated from Archbishop Corrigan's friends. When Dr. McIlwain was restored by Mgr. Satolli a few days ago the storm of indignation reached its climax. The daily papers in all parts of the country gave circulation to the most unreserved criticisms and innuendoes bearing with no light touch upon Archbishop Ireland and Mgr. Satolli. Upon such evidence as this Archbishop Ireland arrived at the conclusion that he and Mgr. Satolli were the target of a secret, skillful and far-reaching propaganda.

Among the evidences of the supposed conspiracy was the discovery of an attempt made by Archbishop Corrigan to have published in carefully selected papers throughout the west an article written by himself in which an attempt was made to belittle the aims of Mgr. Satolli and Ireland in regard to the school question. There were appeals to the various addresses to use such influences as they have to protest against the "unfortunate influence" obtained by Archbishop Ireland at Rome and against Mgr. Satolli's "interference in American Catholic affairs" which is described as "offensive and annoying."

Rome, Jan. 9.—The Vatican has caused an inquiry to be made into the motives and the extent of the opposition to the Satolli mission. The pope holds absolutely to his policy that ecclesiastical affairs in the United States shall develop themselves along moderate lines and in a spirit of harmony with the institutions of the United States. From official sources it is learned that all the archbishops who took part in the New York conference have affirmed the fourteen scholastic proposals which Mgr. Satolli placed before them in the name of the pope.

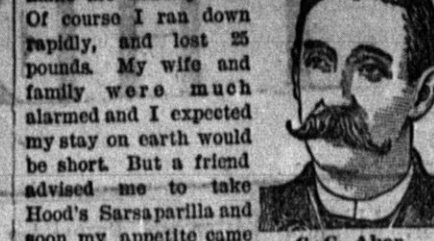
Last Special Driver.
CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Another transcontinental railroad is completed. Advice from Spokane, Wash., state that the last spike on the Great Northern railway was quietly driven Friday night 13 miles below the summit of Stevens' pass, on the western slope of the Cascade mountains. The only officials present were General Superintendent C. Shields and Superintendent J. D. Farrell. As the last rail was brought forward by workmen and laid in position Messrs. Shields and Farrell took spike mauls, and with alternate blows drove home the last spike.

A Missouri Town's Loss.
ONDESSA, Mo., Jan. 9.—Fire broke out in the dry goods store of Burr Bros. Friday night, and almost the entire block on the west side of the street between Dryden and Mason streets was destroyed, causing \$75,000 loss. The burned section includes nine business houses and one dwelling.

Frightful Accident in Russia.
ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 9.—A frightful accident is reported from Eischechek in the province of Wilna. The boiler of the public baths at that place exploded and six persons were instantly killed and fifteen mortally injured.

Food Made Me Sick

"First I had pains in my back and chest, then faint feeling at the stomach, and when I took food, the first taste would make me deathly sick. Of course I ran down rapidly, and lost 35 pounds. My wife and family were much alarmed and I expected my stay on earth would be short. But a friend advised me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon my appetite came back, I ate heartily with out distress, gained two pounds a week. I took 6 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and never felt so good as now."



C. C. Aber.
Sarsaparilla.
better in my life. To-day I am cured and I give to Hood's Sarsaparilla the whole praise of it." C. C. ABER, grocer, Canisteo, N. Y.

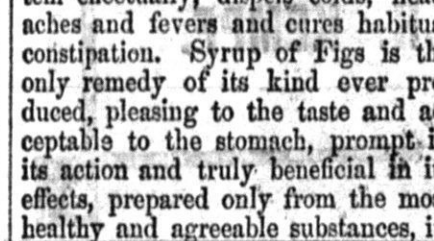
HOOD'S PILLS cure Nausea, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Biliousness. Sold by all druggists.



ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers, and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.



IN THE PORTRAIT GALLERY.

Grandfather looks from the paneled wall
At grandmother hanging across the hall,
In the rippled glow of her stately gown,
As he says: "The world has grown so old,
My dear, since we were young—we two."
Nothing that was the same today:
Out-time fancies are cast away—
All our scruples are laughed to scorn;
And our customs are quite out of gear;
We are seeking for something new—
We were content with the old—we two."
Into the shade of the grim old room,
Stal two forms through the twilight's gloom.
Grandfather's eyes are sharp to see,
And a deep voice utters tenderly:
"For you will love, and love but you,
And we'll follow to the end—we two."
Grandfather's face has lost its glow,
And his eyes grow softer gaze gently down
On the pair who laugh of his watchful glow,
And grandmother smiles and whispers low:
"One thing goes on as it used to do—
In the days when we were young—we two."
—May Lennox, in Ladies' Home Journal.

RIDING A BUFFALO.

A Traveler Escapes One Danger by Getting Into Another.

Twenty-five years ago, in the fall of 1867, I was traveling on horseback over the plains, my objective point being a small mining camp near where the city of Deadwood now stands. I had been on a prospecting tour two hundred miles to the northwest, and was yet about one hundred miles from my destination, when the adventure I am about to relate occurred. It was a dreary November afternoon, and the clouds threatened a heavy fall of snow. It was about two o'clock, and I was making for an uninhabited but fifteen miles away, where I knew I could find shelter for myself and horse for the night.

I was riding along feeling perfectly safe, in that wilderness when a strange sound broke upon my ears. I was not long in doubt, however, for on glancing back along the road I beheld about a mile away something fast approaching that looked like a black cloud moving rapidly along close to the ground. From what I had heard I knew at once that I was being pursued by a half-famished pack of black wolves, and that if I could not reach the cabin myself and horse would be torn to pieces by the ravenous creatures. I lost no time in putting spurs to my horse for a race to the death. The animal caught the alarm and needed no urging to make him do his best. For a few miles the brave horse did noble work and the merciless pursuers failed to gain upon us, but it soon became evident that the horse could not keep up the gait and that the wolves were sure to overtake us before we could arrive within five miles of the top hut.

On we went, but soon the speed of my horse began to slacken, and the wolves were slowly closing the gap. My mind was intensely busy with the problem of what was best to be done. It occurred to me that my only chance was to abandon the faithful animal and rush ahead on foot while the wolves were devouring his carcass. It was a forlorn hope, but there was no other chance of escape, and, like the drowning man, I caught at the only straw held out to me.

My horse sank down on the roadside as soon as I ceased to spur him forward, and I dashed along on foot, seeing that my two pistols were ready for use. When the wolves reached my horse they pounced upon him, as I had anticipated, and snapped and snarled and fought like demons over the choicest portions of his feast. While they were thus engaged I gained fully a mile upon them. But I knew they would quickly be upon my trail again. Soon I heard the ominous sound that had first fixed my attention, and glancing back over the level plain I saw the pack in full pursuit. Knowing that I could not keep them from overtaking me, I slackened my pace and gathered strength for the life-and-death contest that was inevitable. My idea was to fire and kill two or three wolves at a time and then rush forward as far as possible while they were consuming the bodies of the dead animals. I fired rapidly at the foremost, and was lucky enough to kill four in as many shots. Then I rushed forward, and gained some distance before they devoured the dead, and again started in pursuit. Again I fired, and killed three or four, and again ran for dear life. It was still fully four miles to the longed-for hut, and I began to feel that the contest was too unequal, and that I might as well give up the struggle just as last.

The running fight was kept up for a mile or two more, when I was suddenly relieved from all danger from the wolves, but threatened by another fully as horrible. I had halted and turned for the purpose of firing another fusillade at my relentless enemies, when the whole pack suddenly stopped and stood for fully a minute in a listening attitude. From the west came a sound resembling distant thunder, and great clouds of dust were rising not far away, obscuring the western view. The wolves appeared to thoroughly understand what caused the ominous sounds and clouds of dust, for they gave one frantic howl over being deprived of their expected prey, and then darted madly away to the northward. At first I felt as if I had been delivered by the hand of special providence, but was not long in discovering that I was still in the greatest of perils, and had not one chance in a thousand of escaping a terrible death. That which caused the distant thunder and clouds of dust was what was known in the parlance of the plains as "a buffalo stampede." No one has ever explained whatever caused a herd now and then to become suddenly frightened and in almost one solid mass rush madly away, never stopping until they were completely worn out. In those stampedes the maddened animals would keep up a snorting and bellowing, creating a scene that could be compared to nothing but pandemonium. No living thing ever escaped being trampled into a shapeless mass that happened to be in front of them. Even the wolves that followed me with such dogged purpose understood the danger perfectly well.

I had given myself up for lost, for I was near the center line of the approaching herd, and it would have been folly for me to have run forward or backward with the hope of getting out of their way. On they came, like the huge waves of an angry sea, and although I fully appreciated the great peril I was in, the terrific calamity, and I awaited the end with calm resignation. In the foremost ranks was a huge bull with shaggy mane and long hair extending far back over his neck and shoulders. The front rank was within a hundred yards of me when I was seized with an inspiration. I sud-

denly saw one single chance for escape and resolved to run making the attempt, although the odds were against me a thousand to one. Not far away there was a little mound some three or four feet high, and to this I ran and stood on top of it. The desire to live nerved me to almost superhuman effort, and as the fleeing animals rushed upon me I riveted my eyes upon the shaggy shoulders of the monster bull and made the leap for life.

I landed square upon the spot I had selected on the animal's back, but would have fallen beneath his feet and been at once trampled to death had I not seized hold of the long hair of his shoulders and staid myself until I could straddle his back. I held on to his mane for dear life, and no doubt I am the only man that ever rode or will ever ride such a race.

On, on we dashed with the speed of the wind, and many miles were covered before the animals were exhausted. My unwilling steed attempted to shake me off, but I had no idea of being thrown after I had been so lucky in mounting him. They came to a halt about sundown on the verge of a forest, and the animal I was riding stopped under a tree the limbs of which I could reach from my position upon his back. I climbed into the tree and there I spent the night. The next morning there were no buffaloes or wolves in sight and I started toward my destination on foot. During the day I met some prospectors who were going in the same direction as myself, and the next day I reached the camp safe and well. It was Thanksgiving day, and my friends in camp had killed several wild turkeys and were having a dinner, such as they were accustomed to back in the states. I can truly say that no one ever felt more thankful than I did that I was there to enjoy a feast instead of having been torn to pieces by the wolves or trampled to death beneath the feet of five thousand panic-stricken buffaloes.—Globe Democrat.

FROZEN TO HIS SEAT.

A Locomotive Fireman Who Was Seared Almost to Death.

It is not often that an engineer stays on his seat in the face of a collision if he has a chance to jump," said an old railroad man recently. "When he doesn't jump it's because he hasn't time. I remember once when a fireman was metaphorically frozen to his seat. I was on the engine at the time. See these gray hairs?" he pushed back his hat. "I got them all in about two minutes. It happened on the Indianapolis division of the Pennsylvania line. I was in charge of the fast mail train No. 7, and Charley Mason, as good an engineer as ever took hold of a throttle, was hauling us. No. 7 is a fast train, anyhow, but that night we were late out of Columbus, and I tell you we were splitting the wind. Having nothing else to do I climbed over to the engineer and asked Charley to let me run her while, and he pushed over to give me room. Everything went as lovely as a May daisy until we started down the hill. Suddenly a red light showed up ahead of us on the track. The awfulness of that minute I can never describe. 'We are gone, Charley,' I yelled to the engineer behind me. 'There's a flat car ahead of us. See that red light!'

"Charley saw it and started to get down. I yelled at him not to do it, that we might escape death, but if we jumped from that engine, running at least eighty miles an hour, we would be killed sure. I shut off the steam, and, throwing on the air, began 'plugging' her. The wheels reversed, but she rode over the sand as if there was none on the track. Charley clung to me with wide-staring eyes, and I honestly believe he was praying. Nearer, nearer we rushed to that fatal light—and dashed past it. Soon we were stopped, and I called the fireman to go back with me and ascertain what it was. He could not move, and when I pulled him from his seat he was as stiff as a poker, and it was several seconds before he could utter a sound. The poor fellow was paralyzed with fear, and it was a long time before he recovered. What was the red light doing there? A fool agent had come up the track to flag a train following us, and he had his red light near the rails. When I met him I never felt so much like murdering a man in my life."—Indianapolis News.

SLEEP—AN ETCHING.

To-Morrow Came to Every One in the Hotel Except the Baby.
The great hotel is falling into silence. The last of the dancers came up nearly an hour ago. The loud-voiced man crossed the hall, interrupted his talk for a time and then left altogether; the click of the billiard cues stopped a few moments since; only an occasional voice or step is heard in the corridors; the little dying baby in the next room has ceased to moan and sleeps for a space, I hope.

The two who have come at last through weary ways of doubt and uncertainty to so full and sweet an understanding have separated with many whispered farewells and kisses in which the long-repressed yearning of each heart met with an answering love. Their margin of sleep and shine back again from their misty depths, a tender, etherealized reflection. The foolish boy who lost his all at the gaming table no longer endralls his weary brain for some possible plan to recoup himself and escape disgrace. His years are but a child's years, the tired young body, and brain rebelled and claimed their need of rest. He sleeps with the grievous look about his mouth, that used to tell of some baby sorrow and the little drops beading his forehead when the pretty young mother used to lift away the soft hair to kiss.

The woman whom folly and vanity counseled to listen to words she dare not remember afterward, bending over her little sleepers, has cooled her burning cheeks; thrust back the fear, regret and remorse that crowd upon her, and crept tremblingly beneath the blessed curtain of oblivion. The morrow will awaken them all. The mirth pauses, the scourgings, the held, the merriment stayed for a moment. Joy rests her fluttering wings. Pain's sting is withdrawn and sorrow knows a brief respite. The door next time opens silently; I hear the mother sobbing as the nurse's footfalls die away down the corridor. So it was to-night for the baby, in the stead of to-morrow. And next year others, not to-morrow, but next year or another they shall fall upon you and sleep which has no dreams.—Alice MacGowan, in Short Stories.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 5.—Both branches of the legislature convened at noon yesterday and organized for business. W. A. Tatum, of Grand Rapids, was chosen speaker of the house. The only other business transacted was the action of Senator Weiss in giving notice of the introduction at some future date of a bill to repeal the minor electoral law.
LANSING, Mich., Jan. 6.—In the senate yesterday Weiss introduced his bill for the repeal of the minor electoral law. In the house notice was given of the introduction of a bill to prohibit the granting of free railroad passes to members of the legislature and to state officers. In joint session a resolution of condolence to Hon. James G. Blaine was unanimously adopted. A concurrent resolution was adopted providing for an adjournment until Tuesday, January 10, to enable the presiding officers to arrange their committees.
The two houses met in joint convention in the afternoon to witness the inauguration of Gov. Richards and to listen to the messages of the outgoing and incoming governors.
The republican senatorial caucus renominated F. B. Stockbridge for United States senator. The vote was: Francis B. Stockbridge, 46; Cyrus C. Luce, 30; Jay A. Hubbell, 9; William Hartsoff, 4; John C. Fitzgerald, 1; Byron McCutcheon, 1; Jonathan G. Hamdell, 2; O. L. Spaulding, 2; James O'Donnell, 1.

RESCUED.

After being imprisoned in a Russian mine for Ten Days Eight Men Are Snatched from the Very Jaws of Death.
St. Petersburg, Jan. 5.—Ten days ago a mine on the line of the Lometa railway was flooded by the sudden ingress of a large volume of water. The miners had set off a blast and the explosion was followed by a rush of water that the pumps were not able to cope with. The miners fled for their lives, and all managed to reach the surface in safety, except eight men who it was supposed, had been drowned in the workings. The pumps were kept going night and day, and after a week they began to work on the water. At 7 a. m. the mine was declared safe to enter and a party of miners went down to rescue the bodies of their comrades. They searched the main galleries, but found no trace of them. Finally in a steep working that had been abandoned a long time ago, they almost stumbled over the men, who, it appears, had made for this point when they found escape by means of the shaft cut off. They were still alive, but had their rescue been delayed for a few hours more, they would have died of starvation. For the entire ten days they had been without a morsel of food, and they were so weak that they could hardly speak. They were removed to the surface as quickly as possible. Medical aid was summoned and stimulants in very small quantities were given to them, after which they were allowed a little soup. The physicians state that with extreme care the eight men will recover.

STORMY SEAS RAGING.

Damaged Vessels Seek Shelter at St. Michaels—Several Sailors Drowned.

LANSING, Jan. 4.—Advices received here from St. Michaels report a number of vessels at that port December 27 in a damaged condition. The British steamer North Gate had a most tempestuous voyage. It lost its boats and everything movable about deck. The heavy seas that boarded it carried overboard two of the crew. No assistance could be rendered them and they were drowned. Capt. Ramsdell died and was buried at sea. The North Gate had considerable difficulty in making port, its steering gear being disabled. The Italian bark Palermo, Madre, Capt. Alinari, from Philadelphia December 5 for Naples, put into St. Michaels damaged and short-handed. Two of its crew fell from aloft while the bark was in a seaway and drowned before a boat could be cleared away. The bark's bulwarks, stanchions and rudder were damaged. The Norwegian bark Solon, Capt. Pederson, from Old Harbor for Bowling, lost four of its crew on its passage. Its rudder was damaged.

FOUND A NEW HOME.

A Mormon Colony Establishes Itself at Santa Rosalia, Mex.

SANTA ROSALIA, Mex., Jan. 5.—Elder John Stuart, of Salt Lake, who has obtained a concession from the Mexican government for the establishment of a Mormon colony here, has arrived with twenty families, comprising about 100 people. This is the first installment as the colony is expected to comprise 8,000 persons. The concession is in the shape of land at a nominal cost and exemption of industries and manufactures from tax by the city, the state of Chihuahua and the national government for ten years. Despite reports to the contrary, nothing is stipulated in the concession with reference to the practice of polygamy. Mexico being a country of religious freedom the colonists will be allowed to practice their religion as they see fit.

NIAGARA FROZEN OVER.

An Ice Bridge Frozen Below the Falls—Thousands See the Sight.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Jan. 5.—Thousands of sightseers are in the city, having come from Buffalo and other points in western New York on excursion trains to see the magnificent ice bridge that has formed over the rapids below the falls. The bridge is the first that has ever been seen here. The weather is intensely cold, and the gorge is piling higher and higher every moment. The trees and rocks on the island and in the parks along the banks are covered with ice and frost crystals, and taken all together the sight is a magnificent one.

PRODUCTS OF THE GROUND.

A Vast Mine of Superior Fire-Clay Has Been Discovered in Vincennes, Ind.

Dr. Keyes, assistant state geologist of Ind., announces the discovery of a rich find of metal near Keokuk. CHARLOTTE, N. C., boasts of a double-faced potato. One side is claimed to be a perfect representation of a bear and the other, it is said, is a fair mold of a calf.

The last bonanza in Fairhaven, Wash., is a coal vein extending through an area of 1,000 acres, and promising an estimated production of 10,000,000 tons of coal.

Fifty dollars is charged in London for the first edition of Longfellow's "Hyperion," and the first edition of his "Kavanagh" commands nearly as high a price.

One of Queen Victoria's choicest treasures at Windsor castle is Mozart's old harpsichord, which is described as being a "quaint, rather shabby-looking instrument with a double set of keys."

Mrs. HETTY GREEN has purchased the branch of the Hudson & Texas Central from Garret to Roberts, Tex.

Pears No Rival.

I'm an enterprising little fellow.
I get there every time,
You just can't
I can set a boy most crazy,
I can make him weak and lazy,
From my dress I can't let
Let him
In my pretty little wrapper
I'm a
Of the dandy duds that get
Within
I set
Soon I draw out all their mind,
Alienate them from mankind.
Oh! no rival in the business
Have
met
—Philadelphia Call.

THERE are a large number of hygienic physicians who claim that disease is always the result of a transgression of Nature's laws. The proprietors of Garfield Tea are both physicians, and have devoted years, to teaching the people how to avoid sickness by following Nature's laws. They give away with every package of Garfield Tea a little book which they claim will enable all persons, if directions are followed, to avoid sickness of all kinds, and to have no need for Garfield Tea or any other medicine.

Mrs. HALE-TON—"My dear, did you mail my excuses to that odious Mrs. Parvau, as I asked you? Mr. Hamilton—"No, my darling; I met Parvau on the street and gave him the lie direct."—Baltimore American.

"THINGS never does go right in this world," said the pessimistic hired man. "Bobby fences didn't come in until after leather pants had gone out of style."—Indianapolis Journal.

THE SCREW WAS TO BEING ONE.—A man addressed a passionate love letter to a lady, adding postscript: "Please to send speedy answer; somebody else is in my eye."—Tid-Bits.

"If there is anything I admire more than anything else on Sunday," said a wiseacre, on leaving church, to a dupe on the steps, "it is a finished discourse."—Brooklyn Eagle.

MANAGER—"Could you play the light parts, do you think?" Footlight—"Well, I should say I've not had but one meal a day for six weeks."—Inter Ocean.

His VOICE.—"Clara—"Don't like Mr. Bimble; his voice has such a metallic ring." Mabel, eagerly—"Is there a diamond in it?"—Detroit Free Press.

"Keep quiet, my friend, and don't kick," said the highwayman to the passenger. "Remember that contentment is better than riches."—Washington Star.

"I want a dollar, James, and I want it bad." "All right, take this counterfeit."—Brooklyn Life.

LIGHT-FINGERED people are frequently found trifling with the keys of an upright piano.—N. O. Picayune.

NO CHANGE to florists for this advice: If you would have your plants start early put them in spring beds.—Lowell Courier.

SOMEBODY says that a man can get roaring drunk on water. Well, so he can on land.—Texas Siftings.

THE winter girl who is described as dressed to kill would doubtless be classified as a form of slay-belle.—Washington Star.

THE AWAKENING SPOKE THEM.—"Do you believe in dreams?" "Yes—when I'm asleep!"—Puck.

THE MARKETS.

	NEW YORK, Jan. 5.
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	\$13.00 @ \$13.50
Sheep	12.00 @ 12.50
Hogs	7.00 @ 7.50
WHEAT—Fair to Fancy	2.50 @ 2.75
Minneapolis Extra	4.25 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	75.00 @ 80.00
Ungraded Red	75.00 @ 77.00
CORN—No. 2	50.00 @ 52.00
Ungraded Mixed	49.00 @ 51.00
RYE—Mixed Western	17.00 @ 19.00
BARLEY—Western	11.00 @ 13.00
POK—Mess, New	17.50 @ 18.00
ALD—Western Steam	11.00 @ 11.50
BUTTER—Western Creamery	20.00 @ 22.00
EGGS—	27.00 @ 28.00
BROOM CORN	4.00 @ 5.00
Self-sacking	2.00 @ 3.00
Crooked	2.00 @ 3.00
POTATOES—New (per bu.)	15.00 @ 17.00
POK—Mess, New	17.50 @ 18.00
LARD—Scam	10.00 @ 11.00
FLOUR—Spring patents	4.00 @ 4.50
Ungraded patents	3.50 @ 4.00
Bakers	3.50 @ 4.00
GRAIN—Wheat, Cash	72.00 @ 75.00
Corn, No. 2	41.00 @ 42.00
Oats, No. 2	20.00 @ 21.00
Rye, No. 2	15.00 @ 16.00
Barley, Good to Choice	15.00 @ 16.00
LUMBER	
Selling	16.00 @ 21.00
Flouring	20.00 @ 27.00
Common Boards	15.00 @ 16.25
Pine	13.00 @ 16.50
Lath, Dry	2.00 @ 2.25
Shingles	2.00 @ 2.50
KANSAS CITY	
CATTLE—Steers	63.00 @ 65.00
Stockers and Feeders	55.00 @ 57.00
HOGS	5.50 @ 7.05
SHEEP	4.50 @ 4.85
OMAHA	
CATTLE—Steers	63.00 @ 65.00
Stockers and Feeders	55.00 @ 57.00
HOGS	5.50 @ 7.05
SHEEP	4.50 @ 4.85

3 to do are simply these
3 Buy
3 it and
3 be promptly
3 and permanently
3 cured by the
3 use of

AN ANGEL OF HELP.

Dr. Cuyler, the great preacher, says God always has an angel of help for those who are willing to do their duty. This is true in all relations of life. The man who resolutely goes to work to help himself is the one who gets what he seeks.

The man who whines and complains is the one who is left behind in the race. Good health is one of the first conditions of success but even this can be obtained by resolutely seeking for it. When you are worn out, jaded and blue you can be certain that your liver is out of order. Go at once and get a box of the Laxative Gum Drops. These gum drops are mild and gentle. They act upon the liver, stomach, and bowels and arouse them to action. They are not a drastic purge but are a mild and gentle laxative.

If you will steadily persist in taking them, they will cure you of any stomach trouble. They come in two sizes, the small size at ten cents a box, the large size at twenty-five cents a box. Get them of any dealer. SYLVAN REMEDY CO., Peoria, Ill.

ELY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM.

I was so much troubled with catarrh it seriously affected my voice. One bottle of Ely's Cream Balm did the work. My voice is fully restored.—H. F. Lippman, a M. Pastor of the United Baptist Church, Phila.
A particle is applied to each nostril and is agreeable. Price 5 cents at druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 111 Warren Street, New York.

Pay the Price of the Royal for Royal only.

Actual tests show the Royal Baking Powder to be 27 per cent. stronger than any other brand on the market. If another baking powder is forced upon you by the grocer, see that you are charged the correspondingly lower price. Those baking powders sold with a gift, or advertised or sold at "half the cost of Royal," are invariably made from alum, and are dangerous to health. Every can of Royal Baking Powder contains a ticket giving directions how to obtain, free, a copy of The Royal Baker and Pastry Cook, containing 1000 of the best and most practical cooking receipts published.

It is a fact that a shark will not bite a swimmer whose legs are in motion. So if you can keep kicking longer than the shark can keep waiting, you're all right. And don't you forget it—or us, who gave you the tip.

How to Visit the World's Fair. This is the title of an illustrated "folder" issued by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway for the benefit of all Western people who intend to visit Chicago from May to October, 1893.

It tells the cost of getting there and how to go. It tells what to do about baggage, about places to eat and sleep; how to get to the Fair grounds, and it gives many other items of useful information. Send your address with a two-cent stamp and ask for a "World's Fair Folder." Geo. H. HEAFFORD, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Chicago.

"MAMMA, did the hen burst a few?" asked little Johnny when he saw a broken egg.—Binghamton Republican.

An Army of Ailments. Lies in ambush for persons who postpone reforming a disordered condition of the stomach, liver and bowels. For unhealthy conditions of these organs, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a sovereign remedy, and against the ills to which they give rise an adequate defense. Be on time if you are troubled with indigestion, liver complaint or constipation. The Bitters will cure these, as well as malarial, nervous and kidney ailments.

One swallow does not make a summer, but if taken from a demijohn is may lead to a fall.—Boston Courier.

McVeik's Theater, Chicago. Marie Wainwright and her own company will commence an engagement of two weeks' duration, Monday evening, January 16th, presenting the most famous of all old comedies, "The School for Scandal."

Is your fever yourself getting conceited, just remember that the best people are all dead.—Tid-Bits.

When you pray for a good meeting, don't take your dog to church.—Ram's Horn.

SUDDEN CHANGES OF WEATHER cause Throat Discharges. There is no more reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc., than BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Sold only in boxes. Price 50 cts.

THE roll-call is frequently heard at the baker's.—Baltimore American.

BERCHAM'S PILLS enjoy the largest sale of any proprietary medicine in the world. Made only in St. Helens, England.

AN infernal machine—the early morning snow shovel.—Washington Star.

Don't Neglect a Cough. Take some Hale's Cough of Horehound and Tar Lozenges. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

THREE TROUBLES.

Three things which all workingmen know give the most trouble in their hard-strain work are: Sprains, Bruises, and Soreness.

THREE AFFLICTIONS.

Three supreme afflictions, which all the world knows afflict mankind the most with Aches and Pains are: Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Lumbago.

THREE THINGS.

3 to do are simply these
3 Buy
3 it and
3 be promptly
3 and permanently
3 cured by the
3 use of

AN ANGEL OF HELP.

Dr. Cuyler, the great preacher, says God always has an angel of help for those who are willing to do their duty. This is true in all relations of life. The man who resolutely goes to work to help himself is the one who gets what he seeks.

The man who whines and complains is the one who is left behind in the race. Good health is one of the first conditions of success but even this can be obtained by resolutely seeking for it. When you are worn out, jaded and blue you can be certain that your liver is out of order. Go at once and get a box of the Laxative Gum Drops. These gum drops are mild and gentle. They act upon the liver, stomach, and bowels and arouse them to action. They are not a drastic purge but are a mild and gentle laxative.

If you will steadily persist in taking them, they will cure you of any stomach trouble. They come in two sizes, the small size at ten cents a box, the large size at twenty-five cents a box. Get them of any dealer. SYLVAN REMEDY CO., Peoria, Ill.

ELY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM.

I was so much troubled with catarrh it seriously affected my voice. One bottle of Ely's Cream Balm did the work. My voice is fully restored.—H. F. Lippman, a M. Pastor of the United Baptist Church, Phila.
A particle is applied to each nostril and is agreeable. Price 5 cents at druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 111 Warren Street, New York.

RISING SUN STOVE POLISH.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED. With Paste, Emulsion, and Putty which stain the hands, furniture, iron, and burn off. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is brilliant, odorless, durable, and cleanses perfectly for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies or Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa.

which is absolutely pure and soluble. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

SHOKE YOUR MEAT WITH KRAUSERS LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR. E. KRAUSERS & BRO., MILTON, PA.

Garfield Tea.

Overcomes result of Cures Sick Headache. Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Neuralgia, etc. Prepared by J. C. GARFIELD, D. O., 111 W. 4th St., N. Y.

OPIMUM.

Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 15 days. No pay till cured. CURED. Trial bottle free by mail. Cures after all others fail. Address HALL, CHEE, CO., West Philadelphia, Pa.

FITS.

Pills for Catarrh is the Best. Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

